REMARKS

In response to the above-identified Office Action, Applicant amends the application and seeks reconsideration thereof. In this response, 2 claims have been amended, no claim has been added and 1 claim has been cancelled. Accordingly, Claims 1-3, 5-9 and 25-27 are pending.

The instant application claims a bacterial culture medium, for use under anaerobic conditions, comprising at least one metal complex which allows the oxidative polymerization of an indoxyl chemical derivative and a substrate selected from 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl- α -D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate to result in an insoluble colored compound.

Examiner Interview

Applicant respectfully submits the following summary of the Examiner interview after Final Action held between Examiner Prats and Applicant's attorney Stacie J. Sundquist on December 6, 2004. During the interview, the Examiner discussed with Applicant's attorney the rejections presented in the Final Action dated July 13, 2004 and Applicant's proposed amendments in response to the Final Action. Applicant appreciatively acknowledges the Examiner's interview and consideration after the Final Action.

No New Matter

Applicant respectfully submits the amendments to claim 1 and the specification do not add new matter. Amended claim 1 merely incorporates the full chemical names of the substrates previously presented in claim 4 into claim 1. Similarly, the amended specification merely replaces the recitation of the various chemical abbreviations with the full chemical names as previously presented in the application. As will be discussed more fully below and as is evidenced by the proof submitted herewith, the specific chemical names recited in the amended specification and claims are the full chemical names of the chemical abbreviations previously presented in the application. Applicant submits these amendments in order to expedite the prosecution of this application.

Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. §112

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-9 and 25-27 under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed had possession of the claimed invention.

Specifically, the Examiner states there is no basis or support found in the specification for the recitation of "indoxyl chemical derivative" and for the full chemical names in claim 4. The Examiner further states claims 1 and 25 are vague, indefinite and confusing in the recitation of "indoxly chemical derivative" since the derivatives are not defined in the specification.

With respect to the Examiner's determination that the specification does not support Applicant's recitation of "indoxyl chemical derivative", Applicant respectfully directs the Examiner's attention to page 1, lines 5-10, page 1, lines 10-20, page 4, lines 20-35, page 7, of the specification wherein indoxyl derivatives are referenced numerous times and specific examples of substrates containing Applicant's claimed "indoxyl chemical derivatives" are listed.

Applicant further submits that the terms "indoxyl" and "indolyl" are synonymous with one another and are used interchangeably in reference to the same chemical compounds. Applicant respectfully submits as proof of this fact, a true and correct copies of search reports from the STN International online database showing the terms "indolyl" and "indoxyl" used interchangeably to indicate the specific chemical compounds recited in claim 1 and the specification. Accordingly, Applicant's previous recitation of "indoxyl chemical derivatives" and abbreviated examples in the specification support Applicant's amended recitation of the compounds 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate in the specification and claims. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize the terms mean the same thing therefore Applicant's recitation of

chemical names using "indolyl" does not render the claims vague, indefinite or confusing.

In regard to claim 4, as previously discussed, Applicant has included with this response, evidence showing that the full chemical names recited in claim 4 are the chemical names for the abbreviations previously presented. Applicant further clarifies for the Examiner that the abbreviation X-ACGLMN was improperly recited in the application and should have been recited as X-GlcNAc. Accordingly, as can be seen from the evidence submitted by the application, the full chemical name for the abbreviation as correctly recited, X-GlcNAc, is 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-Dglucosaminide and is recited in the amended specification and claims. Similarly, the application incorrectly recited MAL-Phos instead of MAG-Phos, which corresponds to MAGENTA-Phos. The correct full chemical name as reflected in the amended specification and claims is therefore 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate. Applicant further submits, for the Examiner's convenience, that MAG-α-Gal corresponds to MAGENTA-Gal and the full chemical name for MAGENTA-Gal is 5-bromo-6 chloro-3indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside. Thus, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1-9 and 25-27 for at least these reasons.

In regard to claim 6, the Examiner determines the recitation of "aerobic anaerobic bacteria" is vague and indefinite because it is unclear what is intended. As previously submitted, this is a term of art and one of ordinary skill in the art would understand it

to refer to bacteria that can grow both in aerobic conditions and in anaerobic conditions. Applicant respectfully submits the terms "facultative" and "aerobic anaerobic bacteria" are interchangeable and both are equally recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art. As proof, Applicant respectfully submits along with this response the results of a search on the internet search engine www.google.com, showing use of both terms to refer to bacteria capable of growing in both aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Thus Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejection of Claim 6.

In regard to Claim 25, the Examiner states Claim 25 is indefinite in that the ingredients of the composition cannot be readily determined and further characterizes the claims as a product by process claim. Applicant respectfully submits claim 25 is not a product by process claim. Applicant further submits claim 25 clearly recites the ingredients of the composition in that subpart (a) and (b) of claim 25 recite that the medium contains a bacteria cultured under anaerobic conditions, at least one substrate containing an indoxyl chemical derivative and further at least one oxidizing metal complex wherein at least one oxidizing metal complex is ammoniacal iron citrate. Nevertheless, Applicant has amended claim 25 to clarify the recitation of the ingredients of the composition. Accordingly, the composition of claim 25 is not vague or indefinite. Thus, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejection of claim 25.

In regard to Claim 26, the Examiner states the claim is vague and indefinite and contains a cultured step in a composition claim. As submitted in Applicant's response dated June 8, 2004, Claim 26 was amended to be in composition claim form.

Accordingly, Claim 26 is not vague and indefinite. Further, the cultured bacteria recited in Claim 26 are discussed throughout the specification. Applicant respectfully directs the Examiner's attention to page 4, lines 24-38 and page 5, lines 1-5 of the specification. Accordingly, claim 26 is fully supported by the specification and therefore not vague or indefinite. Thus, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejection of Claim 26.

Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. §102(b)

The Examiner rejects claims 1-7 and 25-26 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 3,725,203 issued to Sellers ("Sellers"). Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

It is axiomatic that to anticipate a claim, every element of the claim must be disclosed within a single reference. *Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California*, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). Furthermore, the reference must disclose the identical invention in as complete detail as is found in the claim. *Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co.*, 868 F.2d 1226, 1236, 9 USPQ2d 1913, 1920 (Fed. Cir. 1989). Among other elements, claim 1 defines a bacterial culture medium for use under anaerobic conditions comprising at least one metal complex which allows the oxidative

polymerization of an indoxyl chemical derivative and a substrate selected from 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl- α -D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate to result in an insoluble colored compound. Applicant respectfully submits <u>Sellers</u> fails to teach each of the elements of claim 1.

Sellers teaches a culture media which affects the growth and enables the identification of bacteria. The culture media includes L-tryptophane, ferric ammonium citrate and brom cresol purple maintained in an acid medium. Sellers further teaches the use of the L-tryptophane component to produce the colored complex. Applicant respectfully submits that L-tryptophane includes an indol ring, not an indoxyl. An indoxyl is distinctly different from an indol in that it includes an "OH" group along the ring. It is well known in the art that L-tryptophane does not include an "OH" group therefore it does not teach Applicant's previously recited "indoxyl chemical derivative" much less 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolylphosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-α-D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate as recited in the amended specification and claims. Accordingly, each element of Claim 1 is not described in Sellers therefore anticipation may not be found. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection and requests withdrawal of the rejection of Claim 1.

In regard to dependent Claim 5, Applicant respectfully submits this claim depends from independent Claim 1 and incorporates the limitations thereof. Claim 5 further recites the substrate has a concentration of between 10 and 500 mg/l. Applicant respectfully submits the Examiner fails to point to the portion of Sellers wherein this limitation is taught or suggested. As the Examiner is no doubt aware, in finally rejecting an application the Examiner must set forth the basis for the rejection with sufficient clarity to allow the Applicant to readily judge the advisability of appeal. MPEP § 706.07. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner withdraw the final rejection of Claim 5 and particularly point out where within the reference the limitation of a substrate concentration of between 10 and 500 mg/l is taught or suggested so that the Applicant may have an adequate opportunity to respond.

In regard to dependent Claims 2, 3, 6, 7, and 25-27, these claims depend from independent Claim 1 and incorporate limitations thereof. Thus, for the reasons mentioned in regard to independent Claim 1, these claims are not anticipated by <u>Seller</u>. Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections of Claims 2, 3, 6, 7, and 25-27 are also requested.

Claims Rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The Examiner rejects Claims 1-9 and 25-27 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being

unpatentable over <u>Sellers</u> in view of Chevalier et. al. ("<u>Chevalier</u>") and the Difco Manual, 11th Edition, 1998, pages 125-127 and 246-247 ("<u>Difco</u>"). Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

To render a claim obvious, the relied upon references must disclose every limitation of the claim such that the invention as a whole would have been obvious at the time of the invention was made to one skilled in the art. MPEP §2143. Furthermore, there must be a showing of suggestion or motivation to modify or combine the teachings of those references. *In re Rouffet*, 149 F.3d 1350, 1357, 47 USPQ2d 1453, 1457-58 (Fed. Cir. 1998). Hindsight must be avoided and instead a conclusion of obviousness must be based on the facts found in the prior art. *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 1395, 170 USPQ 209, 212 (CCPA 1971).

In making the rejection, the Examiner relies on the previous characterization of Sellers and concedes that Sellers does not disclose Applicant's claimed cysteinated Columbia medium and further a magnesium sulfate at a concentration of between 5 mM and 100 mM and/or at least one antibiotic. The Examiner relies on Chevalier to cure the defects of Sellers in stating Chevalier discloses a medium for the detection of bacteria which contains magnesium sulfate in combination with chromogenic substrates and further that antibiotics in selective media is a well known technique in the art. The Examiner relies on Difco to show that the use of cysteinated Columbia medium is old and well know in the art. The Examiner states it would have been obvious to modify

the medium of <u>Sellers</u> by replacing sodium thiosulfate with magnesium sulfate or by using cysteinated Columbia medium in conjunction with chromogenic substrates to provide a medium capable of selectively detecting deleterious bacteria.

Applicant respectfully submits, as previously discussed, <u>Sellers</u> fails to teach or suggest at least the element of a substrate selected from 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl- α -D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate as recited in Claim 1. Accordingly, the above-referenced compounds are also not rendered obvious in view of <u>Sellers</u> and the Examiner has not stated they are. Furthermore, the Examiner has not relied upon <u>Chevalier</u> or <u>Difco</u> to cure the defects of <u>Sellers</u> with respect to the above-referenced chemicals recited in Claim 1.

Applicant has reviewed <u>Chevalier</u> and <u>Difco</u> and has been unable to discern anywhere within the references where at least the elements of a bacterial culture medium, for use under anaerobic conditions, comprising at least one metal complex which allows the oxidative polymerization of an indoxyl chemical derivative and a substrate selected from 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactoside, 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate, 5-bromo-4-chloro-indolyl-N-acetyl-b-D-glucosaminide, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl-b-D-galactopyranoside, 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl- α -D-galactopyranoside, and 5-bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate to result in an insoluble

colored compound are taught or suggested. Accordingly, the referenced combination of <u>Sellers</u>, <u>Chevalier</u> and <u>Difco</u> does not teach or suggest all the limitations of Claim 1 therefore a prima facie case of obviousness has not been established. Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the obviousness rejection of Claim 1.

Moreover, the Examiner has inappropriately combined the references in determining Applicant's claimed magnesium sulfate and/or an antibiotic in the medium and the use of cysteinated Columbia medium as recited in Claims 8 and 9 are prima facie obvious. Applicant respectfully submits Difco teaches that "Columbia Broth, in the presence of CO₂ and supplemented with SPS, is an excellent blood culture medium." (See <u>Difco</u>, page 125). Although, <u>Difco</u> further teaches that the Bacto Columbia CNA Agar may also be used as a medium for gram-positive cocci growth, <u>Difco</u> specifically recites that blood must also be added to the composition. (See <u>Difco</u>, page 127). In contrast, Chevalier teaches the use of a medium for enumeration of intestinal microflora such as bifidobacteria and lactic acid bacteria in milk. (See Chevalier, page 75). The references teach entirely distinct inventive purposes and neither teach or suggest usefulness outside the scope of the claimed invention. Accordingly, one skilled in the art would not be motivated to combine the <u>Difco</u> teachings of a medium for blood culturing with the Chevalier teachings of a medium for detecting intestinal microflora and lactic acid bacteria in milk to achieve Applicant's intended results. Even if the use of Columbia medium, as taught in Difco, is old and well known in the art, based on the teachings of Difco, it is well known as a blood

culture medium, not a medium comprising at least one metal complex which allows for oxidative polymerization of an indoxyl chemical derivative and an indoxyl chemical derivative substrate as recited in Claim 1 to result in an insoluble colored compound. Accordingly, even if it were possible to combine the references, it would only be upon viewing Applicant's disclosure that one skilled in the art would be motivated to do so to achieve Applicant's claimed invention. As the Examiner is no doubt aware, such hindsight reconstruction does not provide an appropriate basis for finding obviousness. Thus the Examiner has not shown Claims 8 and 9 are prima facie obvious over <u>Sellers</u>, <u>Difco</u> or <u>Chevalier</u>, alone or in combination. As such, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejection of Claims 8 and 9.

Claims 2, 3, 5-7 and 25-27 depend from Claim 1 and incorporate each of the elements thereof. Therefore, Applicant respectfully submits each of the elements of claims 2, 3, 5-7 and 25-27 are not taught or suggested by the referenced combination therefore a prima facie case of obviousness has not been established. Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the obviousness rejection of Claims 2, 3, 5-7 and 25-27.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, it is believed that all claims now pending are now in condition for allowance and such action is earnestly solicited at the earliest possible date. Applicant respectfully submits herewith a check in the amount of \$450.00 pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.17(a)(2) for extension fees for filing a response during the

second month. If there are any additional fees due in connection with the filing of this response, please charge those fees to our Deposit Account No. 02-2666. Questions regarding this matter should be directed to the undersigned at (310) 207-3800.

Respectfully submitted,

BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR, & ZAFMAN LLP

Dated: / 2/13/07

By:

Eric S. Hyman Reg. No. 30,139

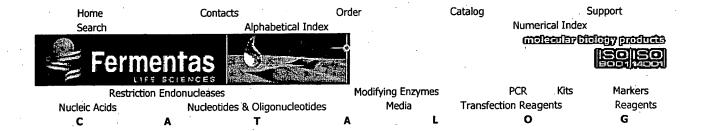
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Kumiko Alexander

Reagents: X-Gal

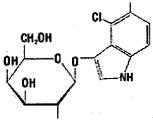


X-Gal

#R0401	0.5g
#R0402	2.0g
#R0402	1.0g

Description

X-Gal (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-beta-D-galactopyranoside) is a noninducing chromogenic substrate for beta-galactosidase, which hydrolyzes X-Gal forming an intense blue precipitate. X-Gal is most frequently used in conjunction with



Formula: C₁₄H₁₅Br Cl N O₆ Molecular Weight: 408.6

IPTG in blue/white colony screening to detect recombinants (white) from non-recombinants (blue) (1).

It is also utilized for selection of beta-galactosidase reporter gene activity in transfection of eucariotic cells and for detection of beta-galactosidase in immunology and histochemistry applications.

Quality Control

Purity of >98% by HPLC.

Tested in the blue/white colony screening experiment.

Storage

Store at -20°C in the dark.

Reference

1. Sambrook, J., Russell, D.W., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, the Third edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 1.124-1.125, A1.27, 2001.

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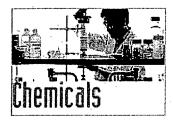
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EDUCATIONAL PRODUCTS

Chemicals »Alphabetical Listing of Chemicals »X »X-Phos AMPD Salt



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Ja - Jz Ka - Kz La - Lz	Wa - Wz Xa - Xz Ya - Yz	
Ma - Mz	Za - Zz	

X-Phos AMPD Salt

5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl Phosphate, Di(2-amino-2-methyl-1,3propanediol) Salt

C₁₆H₂₈BrClN₃O₈P F.W. 536.74 CAS 107475-11-6

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1

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Reactivity: 0

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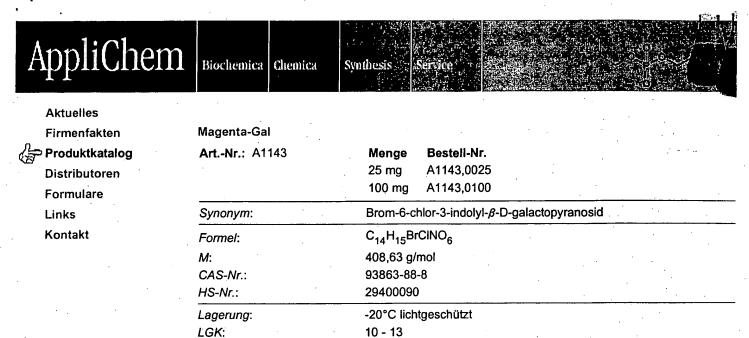
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Alphabetical List of Products

· .	
€ 8-Bromoadenosine 5'-triphosphate 5 mg 22.0 8 3756 sodium salt 25 mg 63.10 ©© 8-Br-ATP [81035-56-5] C ₁₀ H ₁₅ N ₅ O ₁₃ P ₃ Br FW 586.1 approx. 95%	0 B 4380 (71418-44-5) C ₁₀ H ₁₁ N ₂ O ₂ Br FW 271.1 minimum 97% Fluorescent probe for thick
P _{2X} Purinoceptor agonist similar in reactivity to ATP. 8-Bromo form of Adenosine 5'-triphosphate Ref.: 1. Picher, M., et al., <i>Biochem. Pharmacol.</i> 51, 1453 (1996 2. Maruta, S., et al., <i>Eur. J. Biochem.</i> 256, 229 (1998)	Ref.: 1. Kosower, N.S., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 76, 3382 (1979)
R: 23/24/25-36/37/38 S: 53-22-26-36-45 16β-Bromoandrosterone 5 mg 217.60 B 9392 5α-Androstan-16β-bromo–3α–ol– 配 17–one	3-Bromo-3-buten-1-ol 1 g 29.7 41,088-8 /76334-36-6/ C ₄ H ₂ BrO FW 151.0 10 g 162.9 minimum 98% (GC) 8: 36/3738 5: 26-36
[115115-49-6] C ₁₉ H ₂₉ BrO ₂ FW 369.3	2-Bromobutyric acid 100 mL 22.4
4-Bromoaniline → p-Bromoaniline [106-40-1] C ₆ H ₆ BrN FW 172.0 R: 21/22-36/37/38 . 5: 53-26-45-37/39	2-Bromobutyric acid 100 mL 22.4 14,787-7 C ₄ H ₇ O ₂ Br FW 167.0 500 mL 52.2: □ Density
B 2395 approx. 98%, Crystalline 10 g 29.30	4-Bromo-calcimycin See: 4-Bromo-calcium lonophore A23187 Page 314
10,090-0 Powder, Practical Grade 5 g 7.93 The May produce turbid solutions 100 g 41.31 Color tan 500 g 159.16	4-Bromo-calcium lonophore A23187 1 mg 106.50 B 7272 4-Bromo-A23187; 4-Bromo-calcimy 5 mg 418.30 cin [76455-82-8] C₂9H₃6BrN₃O6 FW 602.5 Powder Ca²+ ionophore that is used to potentiate responses
R(+)-6-Bromo-APB hydrobromide 25 mg 273.65 B-135 R(+)-6-Bromo-7,8-dihydroxy- 100 mg 812.10 3-allyl-1-phenyl- 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-3-benzazepine C ₁₉ H ₂₀ BrNO ₂ HBr FW 455.2 Solid D ₁ Dopamine receptor agonist; more potent enantiomer.	to NMDA receptors, but not quisqualate receptors. Analog of calcium ionophore A23187 Color
Photosensitive Color	1-Bromo-6-chlorohexane 5 g 37.35 24,165-2 [6294-17-3] Br(CH ₂) ₆ Cl FW 199.5 25 g 104.88 III minimum 97% (GC) R: 36/37/38 S: 23-24/25
S(-) enantiomers of 3-allyl-78-dihydroxy-1-phenyl-2345- tetrahydro-1H-3-benzazepine and its 6-bromo analogue. J. Med. Chem. 35, 1466 (1992)	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-D -galactopyranoside See: 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl N- acetyl-β-D-galactosaminide <i>Page 314</i>
S(-)-6-Bromo-APB hydrobromide 5 mg 72.26 B-136 C ₁₉ H ₂₀ NO ₂ Br HBr FW 455.2 Solid Weak D ₁ dopamine receptor agonist; less potent	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-o -glucopyranoside See: 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl N-acetyl- β-o-glucosaminide <i>Page 314</i>
enantiomer. Photosensitive	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl 25 mg 18.80 8 4377 acetate 500 mg 169.70 3252-36.6] C ₁₀ H ₇ BrClNO ₂ FW 288.5 Sealed ampule. Decomposes in storage with development of dark blue-green color.
Med. Chem. 35, 1466 (1992)	A histochemical substrate for esterase. Ref.: Holt, S.J. and Withers, R.F.J., <i>Proc. Royal Soc. Lond. B.</i> 148, 520 (1958)
	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl N- 5 mg 74.40 3-3166 acetyl-β-o-galactosaminide 25 mg 247.00
Bromobenzene 100 mL 8.08 E B5,770-2 Density. 1.49 g/mL 250 mL 16.01 RT R: 10-38-51/53 S: 53-61 500 mL 26.68 2 L 86.90 2.5 L 88.42	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl 100 mg 684.60 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-D -galactopyranoside; X-GalNAc [129572-48-1] C ₁₆ H ₁₈ BrClN ₂ O ₆ FW 449.7 approx. 95%
10,006-9 [96-36-8] C ₆ H ₆ BrC.(U ₂ S FW 255.5 100 g 129.43 ■ R: 34. S: 53-26-45-36/37/39	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl N- 25 mg 115.20 3041 acetyl-β-p-glucosaminide 100 mg 319.70 α- X-GlcNAc; 5-Bromo-4-chloro- 3-indolyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-p-glucopyranoside [4264-82-8] C ₁₆ H ₁₈ BrClN ₂ O ₆ FW 449.7
(o-Bromobenzyl)ethyldimethylammonium p-tolu- enesulfonate See: Bretylium tosylate Page 309	minimum 98% Histochemical substrate for N-acetylglucosaminidase.





min. 98 %

-46° +- 2°

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+ Mg-a. Gal (iden in d-D)

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Spezifikation: Gehalt (HPLC):

a20°C/D; 1 %, EtOH:

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> s mag-phos

167 MAG

482 PHOS

L1 0 MAG-PHOS

(MAG(W)PHOS)

=> s magenta phosp?

129 MAGENTA

1268393 PHOSP?

0 MAGENTA PHOSP?

(MAGENTA (W) PHOSP?)

=> s magenta and phosphate

129 MAGENTA

193575 PHOSPHATE

L3 4 MAGENTA AND PHOSPHATE

=> s 13 and bromo and chloro

1100263 BROMO

3479852 CHLORO

L4 1 L3 AND BROMO AND CHLORO

=> d 14

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 154201-85-1 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-6-chloro-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), compd. with 4-methylbenzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Benzenamine, 4-methyl-, compd. with 5-bromo-6-chloro-1H-indol-3-yl dihydrogen phosphate (9CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Magenta-phos

MF C8 H6 Br Cl N O4 P . x C7 H9 N

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, MEDLINE

CMF C8 H6 Br Cl N O4 P

CM 2

CRN 106-49-0 CMF C7 H9 N

- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> s magenta and galacto? 129 MAGENTA 115109 GALACTO?

L5 0 MAGENTA AND GALACTO?

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=> s indolyl and indoxyl 1561 INDOLYL

315 INDOXYL

7 INDOLYL AND INDOXYL

=> d 11 1-7

Page 2 sur 6

ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

102185-48-8 REGISTRY RN

CN 1H-Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-6-chloro-, acetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

Indoxyl, 5-bromo-6-chloro-, acetate (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 5-Bromo-6-chloro-3-indolyl acetate

5-Bromo-6-chloroindoxyl acetate

FS 3D CONCORD

C10 H7 Br Cl N O2

SR CAS Client Services

STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent

Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

Roles from non-patents: RACT (Reactant or reagent); NORL (No role in

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5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L1

RN 38404-93-2 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-4-chloro-, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate CN

CN 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indoxyl phosphate

CN BCIP

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C8 H6 Br Cl N O4 P

CI COM

STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CIN, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

DT.CA CAplus document type: Conference; Dissertation; Journal; Patent; Report

Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); CMBI (Combinatorial study); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological RL.NP study); MSC (Miscellaneous); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

Page 3 sur 6

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5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
162 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 35804-66-1 REGISTRY

CN β -D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, lH-indol-3-yl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN Indol-3-yl β-D-glucosiduronic acid

CN Indolyl 3-glucuronide

CN Indoxyl β -D-glucuronide

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 95983-48-5, 149231-45-8, 209347-91-1

MF C14 H15 N O7

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

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RL.P Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);
PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 3318-43-2 REGISTRY

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Indol-3-ol, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), disodium salt (8CI)

CN Indol-3-yl sodium phosphate (7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3-Indolyl phosphate disodium salt

CN 3-Indoxyl phosphate disodium salt

MF C8 H8 N O4 P . 2 Na

CC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, TOXCENTER Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

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- L1 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 RN 3252-36-6 REGISTRY
 CN 1H-Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-4-chloro-, acetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
- CN Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-4-chloro-, acetate (7CI)
- CN Indol-3-ol, 5-bromo-4-chloro-, acetate (ester) (8CI)
- CN Indoxyl, 5-bromo-4-chloro-, acetate (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

- CN 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl acetate
- CN 5-Bromo-4-chloroindoxyl acetate
- FS 3D CONCORD
- MF C10 H7 Br C1 N O2
- LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

- DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent
- RL.P Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
- RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); NORL (No role in record)

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- 14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
- L1 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- RN 608-08-2 REGISTRY
- CN 1H-Indol-3-ol, acetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

- CN Indol-3-ol, acetate (7CI)
- CN Indol-3-ol, acetate (ester) (8CI)
- CN Indoxyl acetate (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

- CN 3-Acetoxyindole
- CN 3-Indolyl acetate
- CN 3-Indoxyl acetate

Page 5 sur 6

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CN
     NSC 13964
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C10 H9 N O2
MF
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
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DT.CA CAplus document type: Conference; Journal; Patent
       Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);
       PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES
       (Uses)
RLD.P
       Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: BIOL (Biological
       study); USES (Uses)
      Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological
       study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP
       (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in
      record)
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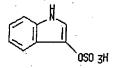
174 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

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175 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
               20 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
      ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 L1
RN
      487-94-5 REGISTRY
      1H-Indol-3-ol, hydrogen sulfate (ester) (9CI)
 CN
                                                        (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
      Indol-3-ol, hydrogen sulfate (ester) (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
      3-Indoxyl sulfate
CN
     3-Indoxylsulfuric acid
CN
     Indican
CN
     Indican (metabolic indolyl sulfate)
CN
     Indoxyl sulfate
CN
     Indoxylsulfuric acid
     3D CONCORD
FS
     130385-38-5
MF
     C8 H7 N O4 S
CI
     COM
LC
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       BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA,
       MEDLINE, MRCK*, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
          (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
DT.CA CAplus document type: Conference; Journal; Patent
       Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);
       CMBI (Combinatorial study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
       Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP
       (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or
       reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in record)
RLD.NP Roles for non-specific derivatives from non-patents: BIOL (Biological
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2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

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study)



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... Anaerobic bacteria only were isolated in 201 (30%) specimens, aerobic bacteria in 226 (34%), mixed **aerobic-anaerobic bacteria** in 231 (35%) and Candida spp. ...

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... In these 23 cases, it was found that 8 were due to aerobic bacteria only (34.8%), 8 mixed aerobic-anaerobic bacteria (34.8%) and the remaining 6 anaerobic ... www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?cmd=Retrieve& db=PubMed&list_uids=6876361&dopt=Abstract - Similar pages

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Fishkeepers Forum.org

... in the preceeding stages. It is beneficial to have as much facultatively **aerobic/anaerobic bacteria** as possible. That is why you ... www.fishkeepersforum.org/hardware/Denitrator/Part6.asp - 6k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

O Mundo da Hidroponia / The World of Hydroponics

... and partially not digested), yet treated by enzymes, is expoosed to the accion of oxygen, aerobic bacteria and **aerobic/anaerobic bacteria**, proceeding from ... www.hydor.eng.br/Pag21-1.html - 17k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

Pleural effusion: empyema: commonly caused by Strep. pneumoniae ...

... Clinical Question. Patient, pleural effusion and empyema. Intervention or Exposure, prevalence. Outcome, **aerobic/ anaerobic bacteria**. www.eboncall.org/CATs/2443.htm - 6k - <u>Cached - Similar pages</u>

Proper Lagoon Management

... The intermediate zone, which is partly aerobic and partly anaerobic, is where the facultative (aerobic-anaerobic) bacteria degrade the suspended organic matter ... aems.aste.usu.edu/www/articles2.html - 25k - Cached - Similar pages

Clinical Updates in Infectious Diseases

... fasciitis, formerly called streptococcal gangrene, may be associated not only with Group A streptococcus but also with mixed **aerobic/anaerobic bacteria** or as ... www.nfid.org/publications/ clinicalupdates/id/skininfect.html - 21k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

Denitrator Plans

... In order for denitrification to occur, all oxygen must be consumed from the water and facultatively **aerobic/anaerobic bacteria** must form. ... archimedes.galilei.com/raiar/denitrif.html - 34k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

NATO Advanced Training Institute

... The studies of metabolic PCB pathways of various organisms show the remarkable differences between **aerobic**, **anaerobic bacteria** and plants. ... www.hsrc.org/prague/demnerova-box.html - 5k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

Reference - Exchange on the Sand Bar Method

... an anoxic area (very low in oxyen). They are callled facultatively **aerobic anaerobic bacteria**. If the oxygen levels falls too low ... www.netpets.org/fish/reference/reefref/exchange.html - 10k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

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... Therefore, while total coliform and aerobic/anaerobic bacteria are themselves not harmful, their presence signals that bacterial contamination

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... fungi in 31 layers taken from seven soil sections, as well as the number of nitrifying, denitrifying and cellulose-decomposing (aerobic, anaerobic) bacteria. ...

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Process Research ORTECH Inc. (PRO Inc.)

... Hence the importance of hygienic and sanitary conditions are paramount to reduce the risk of contamination by aerobic, anaerobic bacteria and fungi to a minimum ... www.processortech.com/torbed/default.asp?id=5 - 38k - Cached - Similar pages

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... Thus most lung abscesses are polymicrobial infections, involving either strictly anaerobes or a combination of aerobic-anaerobic bacteria. ... web.indstate.edu/thcme/micro/abscess.htm - 28k - Cached - Similar pages

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MICROORGANISMS February 2002 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 Heterotrophic Plate Count (aerobic) Anaerobic Bacteria Yeasts and Molds Actinomycetes Pseudomonads

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... than the test. The control pockets showed higher ratios of aerobic/anaerobic bacteria than the test ones. The surgical treatment ... www.dent.ucla.edu/pic/members/wsp/3-95/frandsen.html - 5k - Cached - Similar pages

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... of Salene Waters: In order for denitrification to occur, all oxygen must be consumed from the water and facultatively aerobic/anaerobic bacteria must form. ... www.fishkeepersforum.org/hardware/Denitrator/Part1.asp - 6k - Cached - Similar pages [More results from www.fishkeepersforum.org]

[PDF] Diabetic Foot Infections

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... Deep bacterial infection (mixed aerobic/anaerobic bacteria) Intravenous therapy Betalactam/beta-lactamase inhibitor combinations: ampicillin/sulbactam 3 g ... www.biomedcentral.com/content/pdf/cto-id3411.pdf - Similar pages

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... year post resection. 3. Bacterial overgrowth - antibiotics against aerobic/anaerobic bacteria are required [26]. Because of the ...

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eMedicine - Neutropenic Enterocolitis: Article by Rajeev Vasudeva ...

... Culture for enteric pathogens to rule out infectious causes of enterocolitis. Blood cultures are obtained for aerobic/anaerobic bacteria and fungus to rule out ...

www.emedicine.com/med/topic2658.htm - 90k - Cached - Similar pages

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... {fungi are aerobic; anaerobic bacteria can't decompose lignin; wood doesn't decompose in anaerobic conditions, like the bottom of a lake) Rather than ... www.msu.edu/course/lbs/148h/fall2004/1007fungi.pdf - Similar pages

Association of habitual abortion with Group B Streptococcus ...

... Seminal fluid, vaginal, cervical and endometrial biopsy specimens were cultured for Mycoplasma, aerobic, anaerobic bacteria and yeast. ... www.fertilitysolution.com/strep_case.htm - 12k - Cached - Similar pages

[PDF] Bacteroides fragilis

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat

... a previous report, monotherapy with ciprofloxacin was effective in the treatment of acute pel- vic infection caused by mixed aerobic/anaerobic bacteria [4]. In ... content.karger.com/ProdukteDB/produkte.asp?Aktion=ShowPDF& ProduktNr=223834&Ausgabe=230054&Art... - Similar pages

Russian Medical Server - Microbial diagnostics - Genital ...

... be complicated to apply various methodology to one sample in order to get information simultaneously about aerobic, anaerobic bacteria, intracellular parasites ... www.rusmedserv.com/microbdiag/eng/infstd.html - 46k - Nov 15, 2004 -Cached - Similar pages

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... to use than the so-called "denitrators" that are available, and that work on the semi anaerobic principle (facultatively aerobic-anaerobic bacteria), with the ... www.netpets.org/fish/reference/srab/srab7c.html - 9k - Cached - Similar pages

Indian J Exp Biol

... acknowledged. Although majority of the studies on microbiologically induced corrosion (MIC) have concentrated on aerobic/anaerobic bacteria. ... www.niscair.res.in/ScienceCommunication/ ResearchJournals/rejour/ijeb/ijeb2k3/ijeb_sep03.asp - 101k - Cached - Similar pages

[PDF] REDOX investigations around a drift in the Tono Uranium Mine ...

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... 228 Th) were determined. Ratios of Fe(II)/Fe(III) and aerobic/anaerobic bacteria were also measured. Results Sixteen samples were ... www.the-conference.com/2003/Gold2003/abstracts/A130.pdf - Similar pages

Medical Laboratory Sciences - MLS

... Advanced study of medically important aerobic/anaerobic bacteria; effects and modes

of action of antimicrobial/chemotherapeutic agents; rapid methods of ... www.uic.edu/ucat/courses/MLS.html - 16k - Nov 15, 2004 - Cached - Similar pages

Making Live Sand

... In any event, even if your sand does not already contain the facultatively aerobic anaerobic bacteria right now, it will after the sand has been in your ... www.efishtank.com/articles/Making%20Live%20Sand.htm - 58k - Cached - Similar pages

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